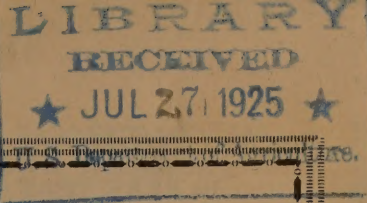


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AUSTRALIA
1925



1924—1925

1924—1925

SHEPHERD'S

Plants, Shrubs

and Ornamental Trees

Carnations, Fuchsias,



Geraniums, Hedge Plants,



Violets, Bouvardias, etc.

P. L. C. Shepherd and Son
LTD.

New Address:

734 GEORGE ST., SYDNEY, N.S.W.

Established 1827

::

Telephones: City 1101—1703

Australia's Oldest Seedsmen

D. N. Shoemaker
JUL 22 1925

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING — TERMS OF BUSINESS

Be SURE THAT YOUR NAME AND ADDRESS ARE WRITTEN PLAINLY ON EACH ORDER. Orders frequently lack one or the other, sometimes both. It is, of course, impossible to fill these orders till they are identified.

ORDER EARLY! WRITE LEGIBLY! USE A SEPARATE SHEET, and do not mix up your items with letter of instructions. This will greatly facilitate our work, and prevent errors. We execute orders in rotation, therefore, do not leave yours till too late. Ladies will also oblige by prefixing "Mrs." or "Miss," as the case may be. Attention to these points will avoid errors in addressing packages and in communicating with correspondents.

FORWARDING DIRECTIONS.—All goods are delivered at Sydney Railway Station or on board vessels at wharves free of charge; but, after obtaining forwarder's receipt for same, goods travel at the risk and expense of the buyer. Give plain and particular directions with each order, and correct address. State explicitly by what route goods are to be forwarded, and to whose care consigned at places of transmission.

SELECTION.—Make your selection on receipt of Catalogue, and then secure your order; or if in doubt what to select state locality and purpose, and we will select for you.

IMPORTANT.—Clients are requested to forward their orders at once to prevent disappointment, as there is a great demand for some varieties, and stocks may run short.

SUBSTITUTING.—In the case of the supply of any particular item being exhausted, which will happen in the most extensive establishment, we substitute to a limited extent the nearest possible at our disposal, unless instructed to the contrary.

THE DESCRIPTION given in this Catalogue concerning each variety is as explicit as space will permit, and is derived from years of experience; **BUT IT MUST BE UNDERSTOOD THAT WE DO NOT GIVE ANY WARRANTY.**

UNKNOWN CORRESPONDENTS are requested to forward a remittance with their orders, or a well-known reference, to secure attention.

REMITTANCES should be made by Cheques, Money Orders, Postal Notes and for small amounts, Postage Stamps. It will be highly appreciated when customers enclose payments for orders for small quantities, as it **SAVES POSTAGE and BOOKKEEPER'S TIME. PLEASE INCLUDE EXCHANGES** on Country and Interstate Cheques.

Where the cash sent exceeds the value of goods ordered, plus carriage (if any) **EXTRA GOODS WILL BE ADDED TO EQUAL THE SURPLUS CASH.** These will be chosen at our discretion; but if clients indicate any preference, their wishes will, of course, govern us.

Where the cash sent does not equal value of goods ordered, plus carriage (if any), we will reduce the order to make it conform with the remittance sent.

If specially requested, any surplus will either be refunded or retained to go against further orders.

COMPLAINTS must be made immediately after receipt of goods, otherwise they cannot be entertained.

PACKING CHARGES.—In order to ensure the safe arrival of goods at their destination, particular attention is paid to packing. We make a small charge on each package or case, hardly sufficient to cover cost.

OUR RESPONSIBILITY extends only to persons purchasing direct from us. We disclaim any liability for results arising from defective planting and at improper seasons, or from subsequent bad treatment and cultivation. While we exercise the greatest care in sending our plants true to name, mistakes will sometimes occur. We are always willing, upon proper proof, to replace all plants that may prove accidentally untrue to label, free of charge. We wish to deal fairly with all. The result of a business career of over 96 years should be sufficient guarantee to our customers.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—We believe that all Seeds, Plants and Fruit Trees sold by us are of the description and kind specified by us at the time of sale; but, owing to the practical impossibility in many cases of being certain of this, we give no undertaking that such Seeds, Plants or Fruit Trees will correspond with the description under which they are sold, and we make all sales subject to this condition. **WE FURTHER GIVE NO WARRANTY, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AS TO THEIR GROWTH, DESCRIPTION, QUALITY, OR PRODUCTIVENESS, AND WILL NOT BE IN ANY WAY RESPONSIBLE FOR THE CROP.** If the purchaser does not accept the goods sold to him on these terms, they are at once to be returned to us.

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DON'T FORGET TO SIGN NAME DISTINCTLY.
— — — — —

Shepherd's New or Rare Shrubs and Climbers

These plants are all of of sufficient importance to warrant a special notice, and may be planted in their proper climates with perfect confidence.

Bougainvillea Rosea.—The brick red variety, B. Lateritia, is generally considered one of the finest flowering climbers obtainable, and a seedling of a lovely deep red shade, but possessing all the other characteristics of the parent, will be at once an object and a novelty of the highest excellence. Susceptible to heavy frost. 5/- each.

Casimiroa Edulis (The Mexican Apple), also called 'Sapote' by the Spaniards.—This is a most uncommon fruiting tree which deserves to be thoroughly tested. It is a native of Mexico, where it is found growing up to elevations of 7,000 feet, and should, therefore, be suitable for all parts of Australia. The fruit is described as of a delicious, melting, pear-like taste, and when in full bearing two crops a year are produced. 2/6 each.

Chamaelaucium Uncinatum (The Geraldton Wax Flower).—A native shrub which cannot fail to come into great prominence if only for its great lasting qualities as a cut flower. The blooms are like those of the Tea Tree in shape, but are a delicate pale pink color. They last fully two weeks in water, are delightfully scented, and light enough for graceful decoration. The plants flower in winter and continue in bloom for three months; they resent wet positions, and may easily be killed by too much water. Hardy everywhere. Highly recommended. 2/6 each.

Chorizema Cordata.—This is a very fine dwarf shrub bearing a profusion of pea-shaped flowers of a daring mixture of orange red. For rockeries, bedding or single specimens in all climates, this plant is strongly recommended. Prune back after flowering. 1/6 each.

Cycas Revoluta (The Japanese Sago Palm).—Dwarf growing and distinctive plants somewhat like the native Burawang in appearance. From 5/- each.

Crotalaria Laburnifolia.—Another native shrub which is well worth growing. The flowers are quite large, and are greenish yellow in colour, and at first sight suggest birds suspended by their beaks from the branch. The plants have been in bloom over a very long season in Melbourne Botanic Gardens, and attract a lot of attention. Hardy everywhere. 2/6 each.

Cupressus Conybeare Aurea.—A particularly fine and bushy type of weeping golden Cypress, and a great improvement on any previously distributed. Where a break in color of foliage is required or where a contrast in outline is desired, the rich variegation and graceful drooping branchlets of this fine Novelty will prove just the tree wanted. Hardy. Highly recommended. Large plants. 5/- each.

Davidsonia Pruriens.—A tall evergreen ornamental shrub attaining up to 15 feet in height and bearing reddish flowers followed by regular ropes of purple plum-like fruits which are said to make a fine jam. Hardy in all climates in Australia. Suitable for a tall shrubbery. 2/6 each.

Eleocarpus Cyaneus.—This is one of the gems of our native flora. It is rather tall for the shrubbery, often attaining a height of 30 to 40 feet, but is so beautiful in foliage, flower and fruit as to call for special mention for specimens or avenues. The flowers are like fringed Lilies of the Valley, and are borne when the previous year's fruit is still on the tree. It is sometimes called the Blueberry Ash. Hardy everywhere. 2/- each.

Eucalyptus Macrocarpa.—Western Australia is famous for its red and pink flowered gums, and from a flower point of view, this crimson variety is certainly the best. The plant is an ugly grower, and cannot be classed as an easy subject to handle, but is worth any trouble taken when in bloom. 2/6 each.

Feijoa Sellowiana.—This plant has been grown for over twenty years in Australia, but its claims to serious consideration have never revealed the full due. As an ornamental shrub it is worth growing for its white and red flowers, which are quite unlike anything else. It is hardy enough for the mountain climates, and produces a finely flavored fruit which is in great demand in California. Recommended. 2/6 each.

Grevillea Banksii Fosteri.—A very fine and richly colored dwarf form of the Silky Oak family, especially suitable for native gardens and shrubberies. The flowers are rich crimson, and are produced over a long flowering season. There is a tendency for plants raised from seed to produce occasional white flowered forms. Only seedling plants are available at present, but as there were no white forms in the neighbourhood of the tree from which our seed was procured, the risk is reduced to a minimum. 2/- each.

Harpephyllum Caffrum.—A tall evergreen tree of noble appearance which is of special value for planting on large lawns or for avenue purposes. In its native home it is known as Kaffir plum and reaches a height of 30 to 40 feet. An excellent specimen may be seen in the Sydney Botanical Gardens. 2/6 each.

Heeria Rosea.—For rockeries, or hanging baskets, this is a very fine trailing plant. The flowers are very freely produced, and are an attractive rosy colour. Suitable for all climates, except Mountain. 1/6 each.

Lasiandra Edwardsii.—This new variety was raised in Victoria and is another proof that Australia can produce her own novelties in shrubs as in other flowers. It is a cross between L. grandiflora and L. macrantha, but of a dwarf habit and very free blooming. Flowers nearly as large as grandiflora and blooms earlier than macrantha. Colour of flowers, dark violet. 2/6 each.

Luculia Gratissima.—This fine shrub has been lost to cultivation for a very long time in this country, but its outstanding beauty and wonderful fragrance will make it one of the most popular shrubs for temperate climates. Apart from its delightfully delicate pink colour and its rare daphne-like fragrance, it is winter blooming, which makes it all the more valuable. For gardens where there is only light frosts, this plant is recommended with the utmost confidence. It happens to require an eastern position for best results. 2/6 each.

Montanoa Grandiflora.—A very valuable flowering shrub in that its long spikes of blooms, which are like white daisies, are produced in the middle of winter. The flowers are spoilt by frosts. 2/- each.

Musa Arnoldiana.—An ornamental Banana of special value where a break in foliage is desired. It is like Musa ensete, but rather sturdier in habit, and the central midrib is a richer red. 2/6 each.

Romneya Trichocalyx.—One of the great disappointments to Sydney growers has been the inability to succeed with the Giant Californian Poppy known as Romneya Coulteri. This new variety is almost identical with the older kind, except that it is more bushy in growth, and is without question a pronounced success, where the other variety had previously been a failure. The blooms are six inches across, and pure white with yellow stamens, while the grey green foliage is a perfect setting for the handsome flowers. In our nursery the plants bloomed from October to March. Highly recommended. 3/- each.

SHEPHERD'S NEW OR RARE SHRUBS AND CLIMBERS—Continued.

Sesbania Tripetti. (The Brazilian Glory Pea).—This fine flowering shrub is another instance of a choice variety being almost lost through neglect. Thirty years ago it was quite a feature in some nurseries, and is now being brought back to the prominence it deserves. It is a rapid grower, and flowers the first year from planting. The blooms are in long racemes 4 to 6 inches in length, and are a delightful tango colour, quite distinct from other flowering shrubs. The flowers are produced in spring and again in autumn. This plant is recommended as being quite one of the good things for temperate climates where only moderate frosts prevail. Prune after every flowering. 2/6 each.

Thunbergia Gibsoni.—This exceptionally attractive trailing plant was discovered in Central Africa some twenty years ago, and in that comparatively short period has attained wonderful popularity in all up-to-date gardening circles. It is so profuse in bloom that it has earned the name of "Golden Glory" Vine, and from numerous reports received from various States of the Commonwealth it fully justifies this reputation. The plants commence to flower continuously right through the year. The blooms are of a rich orange shade, and are like T. Alata, but without the black eye of that variety. For rocky work, planting in small beds, covering stumps, or trailing over small trellises, this plant is quite one of the best. Its popularity in all States of the Commonwealth is rapidly on the increase. We recommend this as one of the finest novelties brought out within the last twenty years. 2/6 each; 27/- per dozen.

Phoenix Roebelinii.—The particularly graceful Cocos Weddelliana has been without a peer as a decorative palm, but is handicapped by its tenderness and difficulty to grow successfully. Now, however, its place is being seriously challenged by a much harder palm, without any difficulty as to growth. Phoenix Roebelinii is quite new as plants go, and is easily the best dwarf palm available. For centres of lawns or in the shrubbery it is a most beautiful variety, and its slow growth, while a disadvantage at first, ultimately is a great point in its favor, as it does not overgrow its position. The first stages of its growth are very slow, and the plant is necessarily expensive, but it is well worth the cost. Plants, eight years old, 20/- each; smaller plants 5/- each.

Prostanthera Ovalifolia.—When Nature scattered her flowers she used very little of the royal colour, and purple is always a rare shade. This plant which is one of our native shrubs, possesses this colour in a wonderful degree, and the plants are loaded with blossoms. Flowers are produced in season by even the tiniest plants in pots, and our greatest difficulty has been in getting sufficient stock to meet the demand. The bushes grow 4 to 6 feet in height, and after blooming in September to October should be well pruned to improve shape. Highly recommended. 2/- each.

Myroxylon Pereirae.—One of the most beautiful shade trees available. It grows to a height of 35 to 40 feet, and although partially deciduous, in winter presents such a distinct and pleasing outline with its graceful drooping branches as to class it amongst the best of the rare trees. It is a native of Peru and requires a temperate climate similar to Brisbane and Sydney. A sub-tropical substitute for the English Ash of the colder climates. Highly recommended. 2/6 each.

FOUR NEW HIBISCUS

One of the most phenomenal successes in the history of Australian hybridising has been achieved by Mr. W. Selkirk, of Watson's Bay, N.S.W. Taking various Hibiscus species, he has produced four varieties of such excellence that every one has been rewarded a First Class Certificate (the highest honor) by the Horticultural Society of N.S.W. The are distinctly in advance of all other varieties at present on the market, and their dissemination must inevitably stimulate further activity in the improvement of ornamental flowering shrubs. It should be emphasised that these evergreen Hibiscus are susceptible to heavy frosts, and should not be planted for distribution from August onward, and as there is certain to be a big demand for these sterling novelties, early ordering is recommended.

Rosy Morn.—Old gold with deeper veination, with salmon old rose on reverse of petals. The flowers are not extra large, but the colouring is distinct from any other variety. 3/6 each; postage extra.

Aureole.—Golden apricot pink, rosy carmine eye. Flowers are not so large as the other varieties, but are of splendid shape, and are produced more freely. Growth moderately bushy. 3/6 each; postage extra.

Madeline Champion.—Rich apricot with deep strawberry-red eye merging into a rosy white zone at base of petals. Much larger than Conqueror, which it resembles, but with more substance in the petals. Strong growing and compact habit. 3/6 each; postage extra.

Gloria.—Chinese orange, suffused and veined with madder lake. Equal in size to any of the large-flowered older varieties, while the colour is magnificent. A very strong grower, very compact in shape, and not so likely to become leggy as the old sorts. 3/6 each; postage extra.

SHEPHERD'S VIOLETS

It will be freely admitted that this flower is a general favorite. The varieties introduced during the past few years have proved exceptionally fine, both in flower and productiveness. They like a cool and moist situation, and should be mulched during Summer.

Single, 4d. each, 3/- per dozen. Double, 6d. each, 5/- per dozen.
Add 3d. per dozen extra for postage

EDGING AND CARPET BEDDING PLANTS.

These plants are mostly suitable for Carpet Bedding and Edging Work, which makes an effective contrast against the green background of a grass lawn. *Alteranthera*, *Echeveria*, *Geranium* (Madam Salroy), *Iresine*, *Pyrethrum* being the most favoured for making a brilliant pattern or border.

Postage and Freight Extra.

Alteranthera, Red—Foliage used largely for bordering. 1/- per dozen; 7/- per 100.
Alteranthera, Yellow—Foliage used alternately with the red variety or Jewel makes a nice border. 1/- per dozen; 7/- per 100.
Alteranthera, Jewel—A large leaved, richly coloured variety. 2/- per dozen; 15/- per 100.
Begonia Sempervirens—Pretty dwarf flowering sort, with red foliage, 2/- per doz.; 12/6 per 100.
Geranium, Madam Salroy—Pretty white and green variegated leaves. Out of ground, 3/- per dozen; 20/- per 100.

Iresene acuminata—Green and yellow foliage, 1/6 per doz.; 10/- per 100.
Iresene Herbsti—Red foliage; 1/6 per doz.; 10/- per 100.
Iresene Lindeni—Pointed leaves, red, 1/6 per doz.; 10/- per 100.
Lobelia Dwarf Blue—Pretty flowering plant. 8d. per doz.; 5/- per 100.
Mesembryanthemum, Named Varieties—Splendid for hot situation. 1/- each; 10/- per doz.
Pyrethrum aureum (Golden Feather)—A well-known bordering plant. 8d. per doz.; 5/- per 100.

SHEPHERD'S Trees, Shrubs and Flowering Plants

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED FOR QUANTITIES.

In this section will be found plants suitable for every description of ornamentation, from the cottage plot to the forest. Selection for any purpose, however, is rendered simple by the explanations following each variety. A judicious planting of trees and shrubs in harmony with the architectural lines of a dwelling will enhance the good points of a building. Shrubs, deciduous and evergreen, are as much a part of the well balanced garden as the lawn or flower borders. Many of them are as decorative as any ornamental foliage plant, while others are highly useful as cut flowers, and a well-arranged planting presents an attractive appearance throughout the year. Shrubs have many uses, such as a dividing line between the flower and vegetable gardens, or between the lawn and uncultivated ground; as a background to a flower garden; for hiding an unsightly building, fence or foundation; or they may be planted in a mixed shrubbery border.

(E) indicates Evergreen; (D) Deciduous; (C) signifies suitable for cold climate; (W) signifies suitable for warm climate.

Packing, Freight or Postage Extra on Plants or Trees.

Approximate postage on a single plant, 9d; on two or three plants, 1/3; and so on, depending on size of plants. For larger numbers rail is the cheaper for customers handy to railway stations.

VERY IMPORTANT.—Owing to the scarcity and increased prices of packing materials, we are compelled to charge packing on all orders, viz., 1/- per dozen, according to the quantity ordered.

Abutilon Boule de Nieve, pure white, height 6ft. (E). 1/6.. (W).
Abutilon Eclipse, common veined purple; height 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Abutilon Souvenir de Bonn, variegated foliage, height, 10ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Acacia Baileyana, yellow, (silver wattle); height, 20ft. (E). 1/6. C.W. 12/- per doz.
Acacia decurrens (black wattle); height 25ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Acacia Elata, pale yellow, 30ft. (E). 1/6 C.W.
Acacia podalyrifolia (Qsld silver wattle); height, 15ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Acer negundo (Maple); 50ft. (D). 2/6. C.
Acer pseudo platanus (Sycamore); height, 50ft. (D). 2/6. C. Grand ornamental trees for cold districts.
Aesculus hippocastanum, white (Horse Chestnut); height, 40ft. (D). 2/6. C. A grand ornamental flowering tree; requires a cold climate.
Agnostus (See *Stenocarpus*).
Allamanda nerifolia, yellow; height 4ft. (E). 2/-. W. A useful hardy shrub.

Aloysia citriodora (Scented Verbenas); height 8ft. (D). 1/6. W. Leaves have a delightful perfume.
Aloe (See Agave).
Allspice Tree (See *Calycanthus*). C.W.
Arbutus unedo, white (Strawberry tree); height, 10ft. (E). 2/-. C.W. Beautiful ornamental shrub producing a profusion of pretty white bell flowers; very hardy.
Ardisia crenulata (See Herbaceous List).
Ash.. (See *Fraxinus*). C.W.
Aster Alpina (Michaelmas Daisy). See Herbaceous List).
Aucuba japonica, or variegated laurel; height, 4ft. (E). 2/6.. C. Beautiful shrub, with very attractive foliage; will grow under shade and in cold positions.
Azalea.. (See Special List).
Bauhinia purpurea, pink; 25ft. (E). 2/-. W. Showy flowering tree; warm situation.
Beech.. (See *Fagus*).
Boronia megastigma, brown; 5ft. (E). 2/-. C. This is perhaps the strongest perfumed flower in existence, requires a moist position.

Packing on all above, 1/- dozen extra.

SHEPHERD'S TREES, SHRUBS AND FLOWERING PLANTS.—Continued.

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED FOR QUANTITIES.

- Bottle Brush.** (See Callistemon).
Bouvardia. (See Special List)
Brachychiton acerifolia (Flame Tree); 50ft. (E). 2/-. W. A grand ornamental tree, with handsome foliage, and producing a perfect blaze of scarlet flowers.
Broom. (See Genista and Spartium).
Browallia Jamiesonia, orange; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W. Useful shrub, constantly in bloom, producing an abundance of bloom suitable for cutting.
Brugmansia Knighti, white; 10ft. (E). 2/-. W. Free growing shrub, constantly in bloom; fine trumpet-shaped flowers, sweetly perfumed.
Brunfelsia. (See Franciscea).
Buddleia magnifica, dark purple, long spikes, 1/6
Buddleia Veitchiana (Flowers resemble English Lilac and of a bright lilac colour); height, 8ft. (E). 1/6. C.W. Rapid growing plants, suitable for covering unsightly objects.
Callistemon lanceolatus, scarlet; 6ft. (E). 2/- C.W. Brilliant flowering shrub; likes moisture.
Calodendron capense (Cape Chestnut); 30ft. (E). 2/-. W. Graceful tree, handsome white flowers with pink markings.
Camelia. (See Special List).
Camphora officinalis (Camphor); 25ft. (E). 1/6 W. Splendid ornamental trees, the Camphor of commerce; does well in hot climates. (Also see Hedge plants).
Canna. (See Herbaceous List).
Carob Tree. (See Ceratonia).
Cassia candelleana, yellow; 12ft. (E). 1/6. W. Brilliant flowering shrub, very striking and attractive.
Castanea vesca (Spanish Chestnut); 15ft. (D). 3/-. C. Requires good, rich, deep soil.
Castanospermum Australe (Moreton Bay Chestnut); saffron; 35ft. (E). 2/-. W. Highly ornamental, very attractive flower.
Catalpa; height, 10ft. (D). 2/-. C.
Cerasus lauro cerasus, white (Laurel); 12ft. (E). 1/6. C.
Cerasus lusitanica, white (Portugal Laurel) height, 15ft. (E). 1/6. C. Beautiful ornamental shrubs of rapid growth.
Ceratopetalum gummiferum, pink; 25ft. (E). 2/-. W. The well-known and beautiful Christmas Tree of Australia.
Ceratonia siliqua (Carob Tree); 15ft. (E). 2/-. W. Fine hardy, ornamental tree, producing edible beans; good for hot climate.
Cercis siliquastrum (Judas Tree), red; 20ft. (E). 2/6. C.
Chinese Lantern. (See Abutilon).
Chinese Rose. (See Hibiscus).
Choisya ternata (Mexican Orange Flower), white; height, 5ft. (E). 2/-. C.W. A neat little border shrub, perfumed.
Christmas Bush. (See Ceratopetalum).
Christia grandiflora, buff and red; 3ft. (E). 2/-. W. An interesting little border shrub.
Cigar Flower. (See Cuphea).
Clanthus puniceus (N.Z. Glory Pea), scarlet; 6ft. (E). 2/-. C. Gorgeous flowering shrub.
Clethra arborea (Lily of the Valley Tree); height, 8ft. (E). 2/-. C.W. Beautiful shrub, compact growth, bearing racemes of pure white flowers, similar to Lily of the Valley.
Coprosma Baueriana variegata; 6ft. (E). 2/-. C.W.
Coprosma picturata; height, 6ft. (E). 2/-. C.W.
Coprosma lucida; height, 6ft. (E). 1/6 C.W. Coprosmas are very hardy, handsome evergreen shrubs, with shining leaves. Baueriana and Picturata are most beautiful variegated shrubs; thrive well near the sea. (Also see Hedge Plants).
Coral Tree. (See Erythrina).
Cotoneaster Simmons; height, 4ft. (E). 2/-. C. Hardy shrub, bearing scarlet berries.
Crataegus oxyacantha (double white); 12ft. (D). 2/-. C.
Crataegus oxyacantha (double red); 12ft. (D). 2/-. C.
Crataegus pyracantha, white (evergreen thorn); height, 4ft. (E). 2/-. C.
Crataegus crenulata, red berries; 5ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Cuphea jorullensis, orange, red and yellow; 4ft. 1/6. W. Pretty shrub, very free bloomer.
Currajong. (See Stereulea).
Cydonia japonica, red; 3ft. (E). 2/-. other colours, 1/6. C.W.
Cyphomandra betacea (the tree tomato), ornamental tree, edible fruit; 8ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Cytisus laburnum, yellow; 8ft. (D). 2/-. C.
Daphne Indica rubra, red and white; 3ft. (E). 3/-. C.
Daphne odora, white; 4ft. (E). 3/-. C. Highly perfumed, favorite border plants.
Deutzias, 6ft. (D). 1/6. W. Fine hardy dwarf flowering shrubs.
Diervilla (Wiegelia) Abel Carriere, light red; 6ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.
Diervilla alba, white; 6ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.
Diervilla Chamoleon, light pink; 6ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.
Diervilla Eva Rathke, bright red; 6ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.
Diervilla Gloire des Bosquets, dark red; 6ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.
Diervilla Isoline, rosy white; 6ft. (D). 1/6 C.W.
Diervilla rosea, pink; 6ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.
Diervilla Steizneri, bright pink; 6ft. (D). 1/6 C.W.
 Diervillas are Old English favorites, brilliant and profuse bloomers, and hardy.
Diosma ericoides, white; height, 3ft. (E). 2/-. W. Sweetly perfumed beautiful shrub, very hardy.
Diplacus, orange; 2ft. (E). 2/-. W. A useful plants, being nearly always in flower.
Dombeya Mastersi, white; 8ft. (E). 2/-. W.
Dombeya Dregiana, white; 10ft. (E). 2/-. W. Dombeyas are splendid shrubs, suitable for large borders, very hardy.
Doryanthes excelsa, red; height —ft. (E). 2/- W. The gigantic lily, sending up a stem 12 feet high, with a large head of flowers.
Dracaena, 10ft. (E). 1/6 W. Beautiful palm-like trees, very hardy and valuable for effect in large plantations.
Duranta plumieri, blue; 8ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Duranta alba, white; 6ft. (E). 1/6. C.W. Good hardy shrubs, suitable for hedges. (See Hedge Plants).
Edwardsia microphylla (Kowhai), yellow; 12ft. (E). 2/-. W. Pretty fern-like foliage.
Eleagnus variegatus; 10ft. (E). 2/-. C. Hardy shrub, handsome variegated foliage.
Elderberry. (See Sambucus).
Elm. (See Ulmus).
Erica (See Special List).
Erythrina cristagalli, scarlet; 10ft. (D). 2/-. W. Gorgeous flowering plant.
Escallonia macrantha, red; 3ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Escallonia montavidiensis, white; 12ft. (D). 2/-. C.W.
 Escallonias are fast-growing, showy flowering shrubs, very hardy.
Eucalyptus citriodora (Lemon Gum); 50ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Eucalyptus corynocalyx (Sugar Gum); 100ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Eucalyptus ficifolia, crimson; 10ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Eucalyptus globulus (Blue Gum); 100ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Eucalyptus calophylla rosea, pink; 30ft. (E). 1/6. W.
 Eucalyptus are most desirable trees for large plantations. The leaves of Citriodora have a delightfully refreshing perfume. Ficifolia is a gorgeous flowering shrub, and Globulus purifies the atmosphere by absorbing noxious gases.

Packing on all above, 1/- dozen extra.

SHEPHERD'S TREES, SHRUBS AND FLOWERING PLANTS.—Continued.

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED FOR QUANTITIES.

Eugenia jambosa (Rose Apple); 20ft. (E). 2/- W.

Eugenia Smithii (Lilli-pilli); 20ft. (E). 2/- W.
Eugenias are beautiful, hardy shrubs, attractive for their richly-colored fruit, which are borne in great abundance.

Euonymus albus; 6ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Euonymus aureus; 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.
Euonymus are handsome hardy shrubs, with fine variegated foliage.

Euphorbia splendens, scarlet; 3ft. (E) 2/- C.W. For pot culture or open border. Hardy.

Exochorda grandiflora (true); 8ft. (D). 2/- C. Flowers are pure white, profuse bloomers, really fine shrubs.

Fagus sylvatica (Beech); 60ft. (D). 2/6. C.

Fagus purpurea (Purple Beech); 30ft. (D). 5/- C. *Fagus* are grand ornamental trees, suitable for cold climates.

Ficus australis (Port Jackson Fig); 60ft. (E). 2/- W.

Ficus Benjaminii (The Weeping Fig); 40ft. (E). 3/- W.

Ficus are splendid trees for rock soil, where it is difficult to grow ordinary trees; they will grow anywhere.

Fiddlewood. (See *Citharexylum*).

Flame Tree. (See *Brachychiton*).

Flowering Cypress. (See *Tamarix*).

Franciscea americana (*Brunfelsia*), pale yellow height, 4ft. (E). 2/6. W.

Franciscea latifolia, purple; height, 6ft. (E). 2/6. W.

Franciscea eximia, blue and white; height, 5ft. (E). 2/6. W.

Franciscea are beautiful flowering plants.

Fraxinus excelsior (Ash); 50ft. (D). 2/- C.

Fraxinus aurea (Golden Ash); 50ft. (D). 3/6 C.

Fraxinus magnificent ornamental trees, suitable for cold districts.

Gardenia globosa, white; 12ft. (E). 2/- W.

Gardenia magnifica, white; 4ft. (E). 2/- W.

Gardenias are most beautiful and fragrant flowering shrubs, with attractive foliage.

Gerbera (African Daisy) (See *Herbaceous List*)

Genista, yellow, sweet scented; 4ft. (E). 2/- C.W.

Giant Lily. (See *Doryanthes*).

Glory Pea. (See *Clanthus*).

Grevillea robusta, orange; 50ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Grevillea Hilliana, white; 25ft. (E). 2/- W.

Grevillea is a magnificent tree with beautiful fern-like leaves; *robusta* is the Silky Oak of Queensland. A useful timber.

Guelder Rose (See *Viburnum*).

Gum Tree (See *Eucalyptus*).

Habrothamnus elegans, carmine (also see *Cestrum*); 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.

Beautiful hardy border plants, nearly always in flower.

Hawthorn (See *Crataegus*).

Heath (See *Erica*, Special List.)

Heliotropium aureum, blue; 2ft. (E). 1/6. W. Golden leaves.

Heliotropium President Garfield, mauve, 3ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Heliotropium White Lady, white; 2ft. (E) 1/6 W.

The perfume of the *heliotropium* cannot well be surpassed; rarely out of flower.

Hibiscus Conqueror (E); buff yellow, with dark eye. 2/- 6ft.

Hibiscus Hardwoodii, beautiful pink; 4ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Hibiscus General Courteses, crimson; 4ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Hibiscus Island Empress (E); double rich pink. 2/- W. 6ft.

Hibiscus Camdeni, crimson, 8ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Hibiscus Island Queen, a large beautiful flowering pink; 5ft. (E). 2/- W.

Hibiscus Peachblow, salmon pink, semi-double; 8ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Hibiscus are most brilliant and showy flowering shrubs. (Also see *Hedge Plants*)

Holly (See *Ilex*).

Horse Chestnut (See *Aesculus*).

Hydrangea Avalanche, white; 4ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.

Hydrangea La Lorraine, pink; 4ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.

Hydrangea Madam E. Mouilliere, white, pink eye; 4ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.

Hydrangea Ornament, rosy purple; 4ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.

Hydrangeas bear enormous flowers and large attractive foliage; hardy useful shrubs.

Hypericum moserianum, yellow; 3ft. (E). 2/- C.

Hypericum tricolor, variegated, yellow; 3ft. (E). 2/- C.

Hypericums are very hardy showy dwarf flowering shrubs.

Ilex aquifolium (English Holly); 20ft. (E), 2/- C.

Ilex Golden (Holly); 8ft. (E). 3/6. C.

Ilex Silver (Holly); 8ft. (E). 3/6. C.

Ilex cornuta (Chinese Holly); 8ft. (E). 2/- C.W.

Ilex have very attractive foliage and hardy in the coldest districts.

Inga pulcherrima, scarlet; 6ft. (E). 2/- W.

One of the most gorgeous flowering shrubs with beautiful foliage.

Lochroma tubulosa, blue; 9ft. (E). 2/- W.

Quick-growing, handsome shrub.

Jacaranda mimosaeifolia, blue, 30ft. (D). 1/6. W.

Gorgeous flowering tree, with graceful fern-like foliage.

Jasminum fruticans (Yellow Jasmine); 8ft. (E). 2/- C.W.

Grand old favorite, producing a profusion of flowers. (Also see *Climbers*).

Justicia magnifica, flesh; 2ft. (E). 2/- W.

Pretty little border shrub.

Kerria japonica, fl. pl., yellow; height, 4ft. (D). 2/- C.

Kurrajong (See *Sterculea*).

Laburnum. (See *Cytisus*).

Lagerstroemia (Crape Myrtle) alba, white; 10ft. (D). 3/- W.

Lagerstroemia indica rubra; 20ft. (D). 2/6. W.

Lagerstroemia cævesii, beautiful heliotrope colour, large blooms (D). 2/6. W. 8ft.

Lagerstroemias are gorgeous flowering shrubs of rapid growth. Prune back to trunk each winter.

Lagunaria Patersoni, pink; 25ft. (E). 2/- W.

Suitable for situations exposed to the sea.

Lasiandra macrantha, purple; 8ft. (E). 2/- W.

Lasiandra grandiflora, rich purple flowers, very large; one of the best shrubs. 2/- 6ft.

Lasiandra rosea, pink; 6ft. (E). 2/- W.

Lasiandras are constant, profuse and beautiful flowering shrubs.

Laurel (See *Cersus*; also *Hedge Plants*).

Laurus nobilis (Sweet Bay); 30ft. (E) 2/- C.

A splendid hardy tree, with leaves highly perfumed.

Lauristinus (See *Viburnum*).

Lavendula spica, English lavender; 1/- W. 2ft. Sweetly perfumed old favorite.

Ligustrum chinensis, white, free-flowering; 15ft. (E). 1/6. C.W. Perfumed, 12/- doz.

Ligustrum japonicum (Variegated Privet), white; 8ft. (E). 2/6. C.W.

Nice specimen shrub.

Ligustrum lucidum, (Large Leaf), white; 20ft. (E). For tall hedges, 2/6 doz; 17/6 per 100.

Ligustrums are handsome ornamental shrubs, hardy and attractive foliage. (Also see *Hedge Plants*).

Lilac. (See *Syringa*).

Lilli-Pilli (See *Eugenia*).

Lime or Linden (See *Tilia*).

Liquidambar styraciflua; 20ft. (D). 2/6. C.
The leaves of this tree turn crimson in the Autumn and are beautiful for decoration.

Packing on all above, 1/- dozen extra.

SHEPHERD'S TREES, SHRUBS AND FLOWERING PLANTS.—Continued.

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED FOR QUANTITIES.

- Liriodendron tulipiferum* (Tulip Tree); 60ft. (D). 2/6. C.
A noble tree with splendid foliage and handsome flowers; likes a cold climate.
- Lophostemon* (See *Tristania*).
- Mackaya bella*, lilac, nice foliage and pretty flowers; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
- Macadamia ternifolia* (Queensland Nut), white; height, 20ft. (E). 2/- W.
Hardy ornamental tree, with holly-like foliage, producing edible nuts in profusion.
- Magnolia fuscata* (Port Wine Magnolia), yellow; 10ft. (E). 2/- W.
- Magnolia grandiflora*, white; 30ft. (E). 2/6. C.W.
- Magnolia purpurea*, purple; 15ft. (D). 3/6. C.
- Magnolia stellata*, white; height, 6ft. (D). 5/- C.
- Magnolia stellata rosea*; height, 6ft. (D). 5/-.
Magnolias are grand ornamental shrubs, profuse bloomers and fine foliage. *Grandiflora* is about the noblest flowering tree known, large and beautifully perfumed flowers.
- Mahonia* (See *Berberis*).
- Maple* (See *Acer*).
- Marguerite* (See *Chrysanthemum frutescens*, Herbaceous List).
- May* (See *Spirea*).
- Melia azedarach*, lilac (White Cedar); 20ft. (D). 1/6. W.
A most rapid growing and profuse flowering tree; very hardy, useful for new plantations.
- Metrosideros tomentosus*, scarlet; 25ft. (E). 2/- C.
A grand flowering tree, suitable cold climates.
- Mock Orange*. (See *Philadelphus*).
- Moreton Bay Chestnut* (See *Castanospermum*).
- Moreton May Fig*. (See *Ficus*).
- Mountain Ash* (See *Pyrus*).
- Murraya exotica*, white, 8ft. (E). 2/- W.
Compact shrub. flowers of exquisite fragrance.
- Myrtus communis*, white (Myrtle); 6ft. (E). 2/6. C.
The perfume of the Myrtle is simply delightful.
- Nandina domestica*, crimson berries; 5ft. (E). 2/6. C.
A graceful flowering shrub.
- Nerium alba*, single white; 10ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
- Nerium Dr. Goffin*, deep rosy red, single; 6ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
- Nerium luteum plenum*, creamy yellow, semi-double; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
- Nerium Madonna grandiflora*, semi-double, white; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
- Nerium Mons Belaguer*, single, light pink; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
- Nerium splendens*, double pink, 10ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Neriums are fine hardy flowering shrubs; can hardly be misplaced.
- New Zealand Flax* (See *Phormium*).
- Oak* (See *Quercus*).
- Ochna multiflora*, yellow; 3ft. (E). 2/- W.
A very interesting plant, producing fragrant flowers and berries, black and scarlet.
- Olea vulgaris* (Olive). See Hedge Plants and Fruit Trees. C.
- Oleander* (See *Nerium*).
- Olive* (See *Olea*).
- Osmanthus ilicifolius variegatus*; 4ft. (E). 2/- C.
Compact dwarf holly-like shrubs, very hardy.
- Pampas Grass* (*Gynerium*). See Herbaceous List.)
- Pepper Tree* (See *Schinus*).
- Petunia* (See Herbaceous List).
- Penstemons* (See Herbaceous List).
- Philadelphus coronarius*, white; 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.
- Philadelphus grandiflorus*, white; 4ft. (D) 1/6. C.
- Philadelphus multiflorus plenus*, white; 5ft. (D). 1/6. C.
Philadelphus are very hardy and useful shrubs, producing a profusion of pure white perfumed flowers.
- Phlox perennal* (See Herbaceous List).
- Phormium tenax* (New Zealand Flax); 5ft. (E). 1/6. C.
- Phormium tenax variegatum*; 7ft. (E). 2/6. C.
Useful for ties and ornamental. Hardy.
- Photinia serrulata* (Chinese Hawthorn), white; 15ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
A splendid free flowering shrub, for any climate.
- Pittosporum eugenoides*, brown; 15ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
- Pittosporum eugenoides, variegatum*; 10ft. (E). 2/- C.W.
- Pittosporum nigriscens*, dark brown; 10ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
- Pittosporum undulatum*, cream; 25ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Pittosporums are hardy ornamental shrubs of great beauty; useful for hedges as well as for general planting.
(For quantities of above see Hedge Plants)
- Platanus orientalis* (Plane Tree); 50ft. (D). 2/- C.W.
A noble, quick-growing tree, with fine foliage; will grow in any climate.
- Plumbago capensis*, blue; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
- Plumbago Capensis Alba*, white; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Profuse flowering, hardy shrubs. (Also see Hedge Plants).
- Plumeria acuminata* (Fragipanni plant), yellow and white; 10ft. (E). 3/- W.
Produces sweet scented flowers in abundance.
- Poinciana Gillesi*, yellow; 6ft. (D). 2/- W.
Beautiful free flowering shrub.
- Poinsettia pulcherrima*, scarlet; 10ft. (D). 2/- W.
Showy Autumn flowering shrub.
- Pomegranate* (See *Punica*).
- Poplar* (See *Populus*).
- Populus argentea bolleana*, silver; does not throw suckers. 40ft. (D). 1/6. C.
- Populus dilatata* (Upright Poplar); 60ft. (D). 1/6. C.
Populus are hardy trees of very rapid growth.
- Privet* (See *Ligustrum*, also Hedge Plants).
- Protea mellifera* (Cape Honey Flower), yellow; 10ft. (E). 3/6. W.
- Prunus sinensis alba. fl. pl.* (Flowering Plums) double white, 6ft. (D). 2/- C.
- Prunus sinensis rosea, fl. pl.*; 6ft. (D). 2/- C.
Double pink.
- Prunus pissardi*; 12ft. (D). 2/- C.
Pissardi is an ornamental species, having splendid coppery-crimson foliage, strikingly pretty.
- Prunus Vesuvius*, the best purple leaved variety
A magnificent foliage tree. 2/- C.
- Punica granatum* (Pomegranate); 10ft. (D). 1/6. W.
- Punica granatum flora plena*, double scarlet; 10ft. (D). 1/6. W.
Punicas are brilliant hardy shrubs, very attractive.
- Pyrus aucuparia* (Mountain Ash or Rowan Tree); 30ft. (D). 2/6. C.
Splendid shrubs for cold districts, attractive alike for their foliage and flowers.
- Queensland Nut*. (See *Macadamia*).
- Quercus coccinea* (Scarlet Oak); 50ft. (D). 2/6. C.
- Quercus Robur* (English Oak); 40ft. (E). 2/- C.
- Quercus virens* (Evergreen Oak); 40ft. (E). 2/- C.
Quercus are grand ornamental trees for park and pleasure grounds, suitable for the coldest climate.
- Raphiolepis indica*, white (Indian Hawthorn); 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.

Packing on all above, 1/- dozen extra.

SHEPHERD'S TREES, SHRUBS AND FLOWERING PLANTS.—Continued.

SPECIAL PRICES QUOTED FOR QUANTITIES.

Raphiolepis intermedia, white; 8ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.

Raphiolepis ovata, white; 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.
Raphiolepis are very hardy shrubs. Indica forms a fine hedge. (See also Hedge Plants).

Rhododendron, several imported varieties, each 3/6 to 7/6. C.

Gorgeous flowering shrubs or surpassing beauty, suitable for cold districts.

Rhus succedanea (Wax Tree); 10ft. (D). 2/-. C.

The leaves of these plants turn a bright crimson in the Autumn, and are very attractive.

Rondeletia; (E). 2/- and 2/6. W.

Rosemary (See Rosmarinus).

Rosemarinus officinalis, Rosemary; 4ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Russelia juncea, scarlet; 6ft. (E). 1/6. W.
Most attractive free flowering plant.

Salix babylonica (Weeping Willow); 60ft. (D). 1/6. C.

The Willow is most attractive in Spring, when bursting into leaf; grows in wet situations.

Salvia (See Herbaceous Plants).

Sambucus argentea variegata; 10ft. (D). 1/6 C.

Sambucus aurea (Golden Elder); 10ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Sambucus laciniata, cut leaved; 8ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Schinus molle (Pepper Tree); 25ft. (E). 1/6. W. Cheap in quantity. (See Trees for Breakwinds.)

Silky Oak (See Grevillea).

Snowball Tree (See Symphortia).

Spanish Chestnut (See Castanea).

Spartium junceum (Spanish Broom), yellow; 6ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.

Spartium multiflorum album, white; 8ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.

Free flowering shrubs, suitable for any climate.

Spiraea Anthony Waterer, rich crimson; height, 2ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Spiraea ariafolia; 2ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Spiraea Douglassi, rose; 3ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Spiraea grandiflora, white; 4ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Spiraea caryopteris mastocanthus, blue spiraea; 6ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Spiraea Reevesiana, white, single; 4ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.

Spiraea Reevesiana, fl. pl., double white; 4ft. (D). 1/6. C.W.

Spiraeas are most attractive flowering shrubs; can hardly be misplaced.

Stenocarpus Sinuatus Cunninghami, crimson; 25ft. (E). 2/-. W.

An exceedingly handsome tree with highly ornamental foliage and brilliant flowers.

Sterculia diversifolia (Kurrajong); height, 50ft. (E). 1/6. W. (Cheap in quantity).
Hardy trees adapted for any climate.

Strelitzia augusta, 15ft. (E). 3/6. W.

Strelitzia regina, yellow and blue; height 4ft. (E). 5/-. W.

Strelitzias are remarkable plants; continuously in bloom, very attractive.

Sweet Bay (See Laurus).

Scented Verbena (See Aloysia).

Sycamore (See Acer).

Syncarpia laurifolia (Turpentine); 50ft. (E). 2/-. C.W.

A grand hardy tree, will do anywhere.

Syringa vulgaris (Lilac); 12ft. (D). 2/6. C.

Syringa alba, white; 12ft. (D). 2/6. C.

We can also supply grafted plants of named double and single sorts, 2/6 each. Suitable for cold climates; profuse flowering shrubs.

Tamarix Gallica (Flowering Cypress), pink; 12ft. (D). 2/-. C.W. Graceful free flowering shrub.

Tecoma capensis, crimson; 12ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Tecoma Smithii, yellow; 8ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Tecoma velutina, yellow; 10ft. (E). 1/6. W.

Tecomas are splendid shrubs, producing a profusion of beautiful flowers for a long season. (Also see Hedge Plants).

Telopea speciosissima, (Waratah), crimson; height, 10ft. (E). 3/6.. W.

Tilia Europaea (Linden); height, 50ft. (D). 3/6. C. Fine ornamental tree for cold climates.

Toxicophlaea spectabilis, white; 5ft. (E). 2/-. W. Handsome shrub, with attractive foliage.

Tree Lucerne.. Better grown from Seed.

Tree of Heaven (See Ailanthus).

Tristania conferta (Lohpostemon); height, 50ft. (E). W. 1/6. 16/- doz.; £6 per 100.

A magnificent fast-growing hardy shade tree, highly ornamental.

Tulip Tree See Liriodendron).

Turpentine (See Syncarpia).

Ulmus campestris (English Elm); 80ft. (D). 2/-. C. Grand ornamental tree for cold climates.

Verbena (See Herbaceous List).

Veronica Andersoni, blue; 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Veronica Andersoni variegata, blue; 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Veronica gracilis, white; 5ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Veronica Hulkei, lavender; 4ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Veronica Imperialis, magenta-red; 3ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Veronica Lobeliaoides, blue; 3ft. (E). 1/6 C.
Veronicas are beautiful hardy border plants most useful for cut flowers.

Viburnum opulus, white (Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree); 10ft. (D) 2/-. C.W.

Viburnum suspensum, white; 10ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Viburnum tinus, white (Laurustinus); 6ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.

Viburnum tinus lucidum, white; 6ft. (E). 1/6. C.W.

Viburnums are valuable hardy flowering shrubs; will grow anywhere. (Also see Hedge Plants).

Waratah (See Telopea).

Wattle (See Acacia).

White Cedar (See Melia)

Wiegelia (See Diervillea)

Willow (See Salix)

Packing on all above, 1/- dozen extra.

TREES SUITABLE FOR BREAKWINDS AND PLANTATIONS.

(Packing and Freight Extra).

(E) denotes Evergreen; (D) denotes Deciduous; (C) signifies suitable for cold climate; (W) signifies suitable for warm climate.

<i>Acacia Baileyana</i> (E). 1/6 each; 12/- per dozen.	<i>Liquidambar Styraciflua</i> (D). 2/6 each; 27/6 doz.
<i>Araucaria excelsa</i> (Norfolk Island Pine); (E). 2/- each; 20/- per dozen.	<i>Liriodendron Tulipiferum</i> (D). 2/6 each. 27/6 doz.
<i>Brachychiton Acerifolia</i> (Flame Tree) (E). 2/- each; 20/- per dozen.	<i>Lophostemon Australis</i> (E). 16/- per dozen.
<i>Camphora Officinalis</i> (E). 1/6 each; 11/- per dozen; 80/- per 100. W.	<i>Melia Azedarach</i> (White Cedar) (D). 16/- per dozen.
<i>Eucalyptus Globulus</i> (E). 1/6 each; 16/- per dozen.	<i>Platanus Orientalis</i> (D). 2/- each; 20/- doz.
<i>Ficus Benjamina</i> (Weeping Fig). (E). 3/- each; 33/- per dozen; W.	<i>Pinus insignis</i> (E). 1/6 each; 16/- per doz. C.W.
<i>Grevillea Robusta</i> . (E). 1/6 each; 16/- per doz.	<i>Pittosporum Eugenioides</i> (E). 1/6 each; 16/- per doz. C.W.
<i>Jackaranda Mimosafolia</i> (D). 1/6 each; 16/- per dozen; 120/- per 100. W.	<i>Pittosporum Undulatum</i> (E). 1/6 each; 16/- per dozen.
	<i>Schinus Molle</i> (Pepper Tree) (E). 11/- per doz.; 80/- per 100. W.

PINES, Etc.—CONIFERS AND TAXADS.

(CONE BEARING TREES.)

Either as regards general ornamentation or for commercial purposes, this section is, perhaps, the most important. On the hottest summer day their shade is cool and spicy. They may be used to screen off an unsightly barnyard or planted on the lawn singly as a specimen. There is a dignity and stability about a Conifer that no other tree has, and we cannot recommend it too highly for ornamental and farm planting. For the most part Conifers will flourish in any part of Australia, are admirably suited for shelter, and do not require rich soils. We give the approximate height; but soil, aspect, climate and other conditions materially affect the growth.

Packing, Freight or Postage extra on Plants or Trees.

Approximate Postage on a single plant, 9d.; on two or three plants, 1/3; and so on depending on size of plants. For large numbers rail is the cheaper. Packing charge is 1/- per dozen.

<i>Araucaria Bidwilli</i> (Bunya Bunya); 150ft., 2/-.	<i>Juniperus africanus</i> ; height, 6ft., 2/-.
„ <i>Excelsa</i> (Norfolk Island Pine); 100ft., 2/-.	„ <i>bermudiana</i> (Pencil Cedar); 30ft., 2/6.
<i>Araucarias</i> comprise some of our most beautiful trees. <i>Excelsa</i> does splendid by the sea side.	„ <i>hibernica</i> (Irish juniper); 15ft., 2/-.
<i>Cedrus atlantica</i> (Mt. Atlas Cedar); 50ft., 2/6	„ <i>virginia</i> (Red Cedar); 50ft., 2/-.
„ <i>Deodora</i> (Indian Cedar); 50ft., 2/6.	<i>Pinus canariensis</i> ; height, 50ft., 2/-.
<i>Cedrus</i> are most beautiful and graceful trees of moderate growth. <i>Deodora</i> is very ornamental and hardy, stands heat, cold, and drought well.	„ <i>halepensis</i> (Aleppo Pine); 30ft., 2/-.
<i>Cryptomeria elegans</i> ; height, 30ft., foliage, varying from bright green in Summer to bronze in Winter. 2/-.	„ Splendid for exposed positions near sea-coast.
<i>Cypressus Knighti</i> (Elegans): height, 30ft., 2/-.	„ <i>insignis</i> (Californian Pine); 50ft., 1/6.
„ <i>Lambertiana horizontalis</i> ; 60ft., 4/-.	„ A great favorite for Shelter Belts, etc. (for price per 100, see Trees suitable for Breakwinds, etc.)
„ <i>Lambertiana Aurea</i> (Golden Cypress); 5/-.	„ <i>pinea</i> (Stone Pine); 60ft., 2/-.
„ <i>Lawsoniana</i> ; height, 30ft., 2/-.	<i>Podocarpus elata</i> ; height, 30ft., 2/6.
„ <i>Lawsoniana aurea</i> ; height, 30ft., 4/-.	„ Handsome ornamental tree, requiring fairly good soil, with shelter.
„ <i>macrocarpa</i> (lemon scented); 30ft., 1/- each. (Liable to die out).	<i>Retinospora ericoides</i> ; height, 15ft. 2/6.
„ <i>sempervirens</i> (upright cypress); height, 50ft., 1/6.	<i>Retinospora plumosa</i> ; height, 15ft. 2/6.
„ <i>torulosus</i> ; height, 70ft., 3/-.	„ Beautiful dwarf trees of quick growth, suitable for cold districts.
<i>Cypressus</i> is an elegant section of the Conifer family, and should occupy a prominent place in all plantations; hardy in any part of Australia, especially <i>Lambertiana</i> varieties and <i>Lawsoniana</i> .	<i>Salisburia adianfolia</i> (Maiden Hair Tree); 30ft. handsome, deciduous, fine foliage; suits coldest districts. 2/6.
	<i>Taxus Baccata</i> (Yew); 20 to 30ft. 3/-.
	<i>Thuja Lobbi</i> (Gigantea); height, 50ft. 2/- ...
	<i>Thuja occidentalis</i> ; height, 20ft. 2/-.
	<i>Thuja orientalis</i> ; height, 30ft., 2/-.
	„ A hardy and very useful tribe of plants.
	<i>Thujopsis dolabrata variegata</i> ; 30ft., 2/6.
	„ Handsome, compact trees, graceful habit.
	<i>Wellingtonia gigantea</i> (cold districts); 200 ft. 3/6.

Packing on all above, 1/- dozen extra.

Shepherd's Hardy Climbing Plants

CHEAPER IN QUANTITY. (Packing, 1/- per dozen).

*Hardy in climates similar to that of Sydney. Those not marked may be regarded as hardy to Australia. Those marked C, for very cold climates.

Akabia quinata; 15ft. (E). 2/-.

A handsome climber from Japan, with clusters of lilac-brown flowers.

Ampelopsis Veitchi (Virginian Creeper); height 20ft. (D). 1/6. C.

Hardy foliage plant most attractive in Autumn, when the leaves assume a brilliant crimson color; clings to almost anything.

***Antigonon leptopus**, rose; 50ft. (E). 2/-.

Beautiful clusters of flowers.

Aristolochia elegans (Dutchman's Pipe), purple, and white; 12ft. (E). 2/-.

Pitcher-like flowers.

Asparagus plumosus, (Asparagus fern); 8ft. (E). 1/6.

***Bauhinia scandens**, pink and white; 20ft. (E). 2/6.

***Beaumontia grandiflora**, white, 20ft. (E). 2/-.

A magnificent flowering climber, large white trumpet shaped flowers, highly perfumed.

Bignonia australis (Wonga Wonga Vine); cream and brown; a native climber; 30ft. (E). 1/6.

Bignonia capreolata, orange and red; 20ft. (E) 2/-.

Bignonia cherere; large rich scarlet, (E) 2/-.

Bignonia excelsa, cream; 20ft. (E). 2/-.

Bignonia jasminoides, flesh; 20ft. (E). 1/6.

Bignonia Lindleyana, lilac; 15ft. (E). 1/6.

Bignonia rosea, light rose; 20ft. (E). 1/6.

Yellow Bignonia Tweediana; height, 20ft. (E). 1/6.

Bignonia venusta, orange; height, 20ft. (E) 2/-.

Bignonias are splendid free flowering, hardy climbers, well worthy of cultivation.

***Bougainvillea glabra** Sanderiana, violet; height, 16ft. (E). 2/-.

***Bougainvillea magnifica trailii**, reddish purple; height, 15ft. (E). 3/-. Also See Hedge Plants).

Canavalia Bonariensis, pink; height, 50ft. (E). rapid growing climber, beautiful glossy green foliage, pink flowers, 2/-.

Cobaea scandens, purple; 20ft. (E). Quick-growing, large handsome flowers, 2/-

Clematis; (D). 2/-.

Dolichos lignosus, pink; 25ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Dolichos lignosus alba, white; 25ft. (E). 1/6. C. Fast-growing, for covering unsightly objects.

Ficus stipulata (Climbing Fig); 25ft. (E). 1/6.

Ficus minima (Climbing Fig); 15ft. (E). 1/6. Clinging to walls, trees, fences, etc.

Gelsemium sempervirens, yellow; 10ft. (E). 1/6

A neat climber with perfumed flowers.

Hedera helix, (Ivy); 40ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Hedera variegata; 20ft. (E). 2/-. C. Useful robust-looking climbers, beautiful foliage.

Honeysuckle (See *Lonicera*). C.

Hoya carnosa (Wax Flower), pink; 12ft. (E). 2/-.

Ivy (See *Hedera*). C.

Jasminum grandiflorum, white; 15ft. (E). 2/-.

C.

Jasminum poicoiceum, white, star-like flowers; 8ft. (E). 2/-.

C. Fragrant, beautiful.

Lathyrus latifolius alba, (Everlasting Peas),

pure white, 1/6.

Lathyrus latifolius rosea, deep rose. 1/6.

Lahtyrus latifolius pubescens, blue. 1/6.

Lathyrus latifolius, Blush Queen, 1/6.

Lathyrus are attractive both in foliage and bloom, flowers fine for cutting.

Lonicera caprifolium, (English Honeysuckle); 15ft. (E). 1/6. C.

Lonicera tartarica splendens, scarlet; 10ft. (E). 2/-.

C. *Loniceras* are hardy, fragrant growers.

Manettia bicolor; 4ft. (E). 1/6.

A brilliant and beautiful dwarf climber.

Mandevillea suaveolens, white; 25ft. (D). 1/6. C. A grand free-flowering climber; beautiful.

Medeola asparagoides myrtifolia (simlax); height 6ft. (E). 2/-.

Passiflora Empress Eugene, lilac; 30ft. (E). 2/-.

Passiflora edulis (Passion Fruit); 12ft. (E). 9d. (Cheaper in quantity).

Passiflora Enyesford Gem, purplish scarlet; 12ft. (E). 2/-.

Passion Fruit (Banana). See *Tacsonia*.

Phaseolus caracalla (Snail Flower); Lavender; 30ft. (E). 2/-.

***Quisqualis indica**, red; 20ft. (E). 2/-.

A neat and graceful plant.

Rhynchospermum jasminoides, white; 15ft. (E). 2/-.

Rhynchospermum jasminoides variegata, white; 10ft. (E). 2/-.

Exceedingly pretty and fragrant flowers.

Snail Flower (See *Phaseolus*).

Solanum jasminoides grandiflora, white; 20ft. (E). 1/6.

***Solanum Seaforthianum**; 15ft. (E). 1/6. Beautiful clusters of blue flowers.

***Solanum Wendlandi**; height, 20ft. (D). 2/-. *Solanums* are superb summer flowering vines. Colour an attractive shade of lavender blue, strikingly beautiful.

***Stephanotis floribunda**, white; 10ft. (E). 2/6. A beautiful perfumed climber.

Stigmaphyllon ciliatum, yellow; 20ft. (E). 2/-. Large showy foliage and pretty flowers.

Tasconia ignea, scarlet; height, 20ft. (E). 2/-.

Tasconia mollissima, crimson (white banana passion fruit); 20ft. 1/6.

Cannot be surpassed as quick-growing climbers, with very handsome flowers like passion flowers, with very brilliant foliage.

***Thunbergia laurifolia**, lilac; 20ft. (E). 2/-.

Splendid fast, growing climbers.

Virginian Creeper (See *Ampelopsis*).

Wax Flower (See *Hoya*).

Wistaria Sinensis, lilac; 20ft. (D). 2/-.

Wistaria sinensis alba, white; 20ft. (D). 2/6.

Wistaria sinensis, fl. pl., double blue; 20ft. (D) (D). 2/6. C.

Wistaria multijuga, dark purple; 20ft. (D) 3/-

Wistaria multijuga alba, white; 20ft. (D). 2/6. C.

Wistaria magnifica, blue; height, 60ft. (E). 2/-

Wistarias are gorgeous and profuse flowerers, very strong growers and hardy.

Packing on all above, 1/- dozen extra.

SHEPHERD'S HERBACEOUS, TUBEROUS-ROOTED AND SOFT-WOODED PLANTS.

Also POT PLANTS FOR BUSH HOUSE AND GLASS-HOUSE.

A judicious selection will render a garden gay with flowers and foliage the whole year round. Many species are well adapted for pot culture for glass or bush house. All those marked (B) would be suitable for verandah culture, providing the ends of the verandah are closed, thus preventing draughts and making it snug and warm. A glassed-in verandah would be most suitable, then even some of the varieties marked (G) could be tried in it.

Postage, Carriage and Packing Extra.

- Acalpha Brownii** (G.), leaves blotched bronzy green and red markings. 2/-.
Agathoea coelestis (Blue Marguerite), 1/6.
Alternanthera (See Edging Plants).
Anemone japonica, pure white flowers. 1/6. ...
Ardisia crenulata; very attractive little plant, scarlet berries throughout the winter 2/- B.
Arums (See Calla).
Asparagus Sprengerii (B.Cl.), from 1/6.
Asparagus Plumosus (B.Cl.), from 1/6.
Asparagus Tenuissimus (B. Cl.), from 1/6.
 Asparagus are beautiful evergreen climbers, for bush-house and pot culture; lovely feathery foliage.
Aspidistras, variegated, from 5/-; Green from 2/6.
Aster alpina (Michaelmas Daisy, from 1/-.
Begonias (B). (Rex, Variegated Foliage), easy culture; useful for tables, choicest varieties, 1/6.
Begonias (Shrubby Varieties), hardy flowering plants, for open border or pot culture; constant bloomers. 1/6.
Bletia Hyacinthiana (B), hardy Orchid; pretty hyacinth-like purple flowers, 2/6.
Caladiums, 2/6 to 7/6 each.
Calla Ethiopita (Arum Lily). 1/-.
Elliottiana, the large golden Arum Lily, with spotted foliage; a noble plant, 2/- each.
Elliottiana Little Gem, small flower Arum Lily 1/6.
Coleus, very choice selections in Spring and Summer. 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.
Canna Sorts, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.
Chrysanthemums frutescens (Marguerites), white, 1/-; yellow, 1/-; white, black centre, 1/-.
Chrysanthemum Mrs. F. Sander, pure white, double and single blooms, 1/-.
Crassula coccinea, crimson; 1/6.
Crinum pedunculatum, 1/6.
Crinum capense, 1/6.
Cyclamen, (B), various colours, 2/- each.
Cyperus alternifolius. (D). 1/6.
Cyperus laxus, (B). 1/6. Graceful foliage.
Dracaena (G). in variety, with beautifully colored leaves; from 1/6.
Eucharis Amazonica (G). (Amazon Lily), large green leaves and splendid waxy white flowers, exquisitely perfumed, 2/6.
Eulalia rebrina, handsome variegated grass, very hardy. 1/6
Farfugium grande (B), an attractive variegated foliage plant. 1/6.
Funkia japonica (B) (Japanese Day Lily) 1/-.
Funkia japonica variegata, variegated, 1/6.
Gazania Lutea, bright yellow, 1/-.
Gazania Primrose Queen, lemon yellow, 1/-.
Gazania Argentea, variegated foliage, 1/-.
Gerberas, separate colors 2/- each; 20/- per dozen.
Gloxinia hybrida, (G), a beautiful class of plants, easily grown, 1/- each; 11/- per dozen. Dry bulbs in May, June and July, after that green plants.
Gloriosa superba (B. and G.), the beautiful climbing Lily of India, with exquisite flowers. Dry tubers in Spring. 2/-.
Gynerium argenteum (Pampas Grass). 1/6.
Gynerium roseum, 2/-.
Hedychium conarium album, sweet scented, snow white flowers, 1/6.
Hedychium gardnerianum, lemon yellow, large and fragrant. 1/6.
 Tall Canna-like plants; very showy, with heads of Orchid-like flowers; very ornamental.
Helianthus (Perennial Sunflower), single and double. 1/6.
Hoya carnosa (B. Cl.) (Wax plant) 1/6.
Impatiens Holsti (B). perennial Balsam. 1/-.
Iris (Japanese), 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.
Lily of the Valley (B). strong clumps, each 6d.; 5/6 per dozen.
Lotus pelyorhincus (Coral Gem) 1/6.
 A trailing plant suitable for basket culture, silvery foliage and bright red coral flowers.
Marguerites (See Chrysanthemum Frutescens).
Maranta bicolor (G), large olive green leaves, blotched with creamy white, 1/6.
Maranta Leitzei (B), leaves deep green, with blotches of pale green. 1/6.
Maranta Kerchovena (G), pale green, blotched with chocolate. 1/6.
Maranta Zebrina (B), dark velvety green leaves blotched with paler green. 1/6.
Mesembryanthemum (12 colours), 1/- each; 10/- per dozen.
 Brilliant for borders and rockeries.
Ophiopogon jaburan variegatus (B), blue. 1/6.
 Graceful plant, with pretty striped leaves.
Pandanus Baptisi (G), variegated foliage. 2/-.
Pandanus Veitchii (G), leaves beautifully marked with bands of creamy white, 2/-.
Pentas Carnea (G), handsome pink Bouvaria-like flowers, 1/6.
Pentstemon, valuable plants for the garden, producing abundance of bright and brilliant flowers. Named varieties, 1/- each 11/- per dozen.
Petunia, Double Fringed, assorted colours; hardy, free flowering plants. 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.
Phlox perennial, hardy, beautiful flowers of various shades. 1/- each; 11/- per dozen.
Rudbeckia Golden Glow, 1/- each.
Saxifraga (Aaron's Beard) (B). For baskets. 1/6.
Shamrock, (True Irish). 1/- per clump.
Spiraea japonica (B), white; 1/6.
 Pretty border plants, and also for pots.
Statice arborea, light blue, 2/-.
Statice macrophylla, white, 2/-.
 A choice class of plants, of dwarf compact habit, bearing fine heads of bloom.
Stokesia Cyanea, 1/6.
 Double starry flowers, lilac-purple.
Tradescantia discolor, 1/6. Hardy foliage plants, good for rockeries, baskets, &c.
Tritoma grandiflora, orange and red (Fiery Poker Plant). 1/6.

AZALEAS.

They require similar treatment to Rhododendrons, and dislike artificial manures, lime and dry soil. Like Rhododendrons, they are shade loving plants.

2/- each, 21/- per dozen. (S) Single; (S.D.) Semi-double; (D) Double.

A. de Veraene (D).—Deep rose.
Alba Magna (S).—Large white, occasionally striped.
Alba Plena (S.D.).—Pure white, pink striped.
Apollon (S).—Red.
Arlequin (S).—White, red stripes.
Baron de Rothschild (D).—Purplish violet.
Baron de Vriere (S).—Large white, green centre.
Bernhardt Andreas Alba (S.D.).—Pure white.
Charmer (S).—Bright Amaranth.
Cocarde Orange (S).—Orange scarlet.
Coloris Nova (S).—Reddish violet.
Comte de la Torre (S).—Pink, bordered white.
Comtesse de Flanders (S).—Bright rose.
Cocinna (S).—Beautiful clear purple.
Cordon Bleu (S).—Purple.
Dame Melanie (S).—Bright pink, margined with white.
Daphne (D).—Pure white, sparingly striped with pink.
Deutsche Pere (D).—Pure white.
Duc de Nassau (S).—Red shaded violet.
Duchess of Nassau (S.D.).—Rosy-scarlet tinted with violet.
Emperor de Bresil (D).—Rose, banded with white.
Empress of India (S.D.).—Rosy salmon, carmine blotch on upper petals.
Eugene Mazel (S).—Bright red, shaded lilac.
Eulalie van Geert (S).—Soft pink, bordered white. A very dwarf variety.
Helene Thelemann (D).—Deep rose.
Indica Alba (S).—Pure white.
Juliana (S).—Red.
Madam A. d'Haene (S.D.).—Pink, bordered with white.
Madam Herman Siedel (S.D.).—Pure white.
Madam Iris Lefebvre (D).—Dark orange-red, banded and striped violet.
Madam J. Vervaene.—Pale rose, bordered with white.

Madam Paul de Schryver (D).—Rosy violet.
Madam Vander Cruysen (D).—Glossy rose.
Magnifica (S).—Large, deep purple.
Marquis of Lorne (S).—Bright orange, with saffron yellow blotch.
Mdlle. Marie Lefebvre (S).—White, late flowering.
Mortii (S).—White shaded cream.
Murasaki Riukiu (S).—Rich pink, long flowers, after style of Himalayan Rhododendron.
Murasaki Riukiu Alba (S).—Similar in shape to above; white in colour.
Niobe (D).—Pure white.
Nicholas Schaurer (S).—Brilliant metallic rose.
Orange Brilliant (S).—Orange scarlet.
Pauline Mardner (S.D.).—Light rose.
Perle de Gendbrugge (D).—Double white.
Phoebus (D).—Vermillion orange.
President A. D. Haene.—Double rose.
President Raphael de Smit (D).—Deep rose.
Princess Charlotte (S).—Beautiful rose.
Purpurescens (S).—Light purple.
Refulgens (S).—Red.
Roi de Holland (S).—Red.
Schryveriana (S.D.).—Light pink, bordered with white.
Sigismund Rucket (S).—Rosy pink edged with white.
Simon Mardner (D).—Rich ruby red.
Sir Charls Napier (S).—Bright pink.
Souv. de Prince Albert (S).—Salmon rose, with broad white margin.
Souv. de Monsieur Low (D).—Crimson and violet.
Splendens (S).—Rosy salmon.
Splendide (D).—Rich, dary rosy carmine.
Stella (S).—Rich orange scarlet.
Vedvaeneana Stuarti (D).—Deep pink, very fine, 2/6.
Vervaeneana Rosea (D).—Pink.
Vervaeneana (D).—Rose, bordered snow white.

KURUME AZALEAS.

These are named after a district in Japan, and may be called the "Tom Thumb" Azaleas. They are low-growing, producing small flowers in the greatest profusion, so that the plants are frequently covered with bloom. They are specially suitable for edging and bedding purposes, and, as a cut flower, last splendidly in water. Many of the varieties show a hose in hose double form, and some very gay and dainty colours are available. We recommend these with the greatest confidence.

Kurume—Double white, 2/6 each.
Kurume—Pink, 2/6 each.
Kurume—Double cherry blossom, 2/6 each.
Kurume—Purplish rose, 2/6 each.
Kurume—Pale rose, 2/6 each.
Kurume—Pale salmon pink, 2/6 each.
Kurume—Pinkish white, 2/6 each.

Kurume—Deep rose, 3/- each.
Kurume Hinodegiri.—Crimson, 3/- each.
Kurume Beni Girl.—Red, 3/- each.
Kurume Kirishima.—Brick Red, 3/- each.
Kurume Hatsu Girl.—Purplish red. Flowers earlier, and for longer periods than other varieties. 2/6 each.
Kurume Rubicunda.—Red, 2/6 each.

GERANIUMS ZONALE (Pelargoniums).

These beautiful hardy plants have been so improved that they are sure to come to the front amongst flower growers once more.

1/- each, 11/- per dozen; or 12/- per dozen, post paid; or six for 6/6, post paid.

Acquisition.—Pure white, good habit; double.
Albion.—Single white; large.
Ami Henriot.—Double bright rose.
California.—Large flowers of bright orange.
Capt. Flayelle.—Reddish crimson flowers, double.
Countess of Dudley.—Single, red, large white eye.
Don Quixote.—Crimson, white eye, double.
Double Jacoby.—Double crimson maroon.
Dr. Despris.—Double deep crimson.
Duke of York.—Crimson, shaded with rosy purple, single.
Emotion.—Double scarlet ground, mottled white.
Esperance.—White, mottled and striped scarlet; double.
Ethermanthe.—Double, orange scarlet.
Fralcheur.—Double white, margined pink.
Henry Compton.—Single, deep pink.
James Kelway.—Brilliant vivid scarlet; single.
Jean Viand.—Double soft pink.
King of Denmark.—Salmon pink; double.

Kitty.—Cherry red, with white eye, paler blotch in upper petal; single.
Lady Frances Russell.—Single rose, white eye; large.
Madame Carnot.—Pure white flowers; double.
Madame Landry.—Deep salmon double.
Menelik.—Magenta pink, one-third the bloom pure white.
Miss G. Ashworth.—Pure white; double.
Mrs. Keller.—Rose, with large white eye; dwarf.
Pink Raspail.—Rosy pink.
Princess Alex.—Single; pale rose.
Princess of Wales.—Single; cherry red.
Sayers' Picotee.—Single; white ground, shading to lilac.
Sir Thos. Hanbury.—Single, deep magenta.
Snowstorm.—Single, pure white.
Soldiers Tunic.—Single, intense scarlet.
Winston Churchill.—Magenta, pink, large white centres; single.

IVY-LEAVED GERANIUMS (Pelargoniums).

Nothing can exceed the brilliancy of this beautiful class; they produce blooms in profusion, and can be trained at will, and convert an unsightly object into a thing of beauty.

1/- each, 11/- per dozen; or 12/- per dozen, post paid; or six for 6/6, post paid.

Abel Carriers.—Soft magenta, feathered maroon.
Beauty of Jersey.—Vermillion; semi double.
Eticelant.—A fine large flower of a bright glowing scarlet colour; free flowering.
Her Majesty the Queen.—Bright amaranth.
Joan of Arc.—White, shaded with lavender; exquisite.

Joseph Warren.—Large rosy-purple.
La Corinthienne.—Delicate pink, large truss.
La Rosiers.—Satin rose, lighter margin; perfect.
Mrs. Hawley.—Lovely pink shade.
Mrs. J. G. Day.—Intense shade of crimson rose.
Souvenir de Charles Turner.—Rich rosy cerise.
Vicar of Shirley.—Crimson, spotted purple.

DAHLIAS (Cactus, Collarette, Pompone, Paeony, etc.).

Plant from September to December. Special List ready in August.

For staking Dahlias, use 6ft. x 1in. Harwood Stakes.

ERICA (Cape Heath)

2/6 each, 28/- per dozen. Postage or Freight extra.

List of Sorts on Application.

These extremely beautiful plants may be grown in almost any good garden soil, but they prefer a good moist, peaty or sandy soil, in a cool position and well sheltered. Several varieties will bloom the whole year round, and for this reason are most desirable for small gardens. Splendid bouquet flowers.

FUCHSIAS.

The Fuchsia deservedly enjoys a very high reputation. It cannot be misplaced. In the open garden, the conservatory, bush and green house, verandah, or in the window, it is alike at home.

All Best Sorts, Single or Double, 1/6 each, 16/- per dozen.

List of varieties on application.

BOUVARDIAS.

1/- each, 11/- per dozen, except where otherwise marked.

A beautiful class of plants—one of the most charming perennials, flowering all through the Summer, almost to the middle of Winter. The young plants should be protected from the frost, but when once established are rarely affected. Water and well mulch during the hot Summer months, and cut back in the early Spring.

Alfred Neuner (D).—Petals waxy white.
Beauty of Brisbane.—Pure white, robust habit.
Bocchi.—Bright pink, white throat, very fine.
Coral Queen.—Deep pink with white throat.
Duchess of York.—Dainty blush pink.
Enid Oliver.—A distinct variety of pale pink shade; the individual flowers are formed by six or seven more petals; strong grower. 1/6.
Ethel Kerslake.—Flowers large, pure white. 1/6.
Federal Queen.—A cross between President Cleveland and King of Scarlets.
Flavescens Improved.—Large single yellow.
Hogarthii fl. pl.—Dark scarlet, double.
Humboldtii Corymbiflora.—Immense blooms of deep scarlet; freely produced. 1/6
Mabel Porter.—Dark crimson, large and full.
Miss Eileen Beeston.—One of the best, pinkish heliotrope, very attractive. 1/6.

Miss Ida Cheeseman.—A very distinct variety, with large flowers of delicate pink color, the tube and reverse of petals being of a deeper shade. 1/6.

Mrs. Gazzard.—Showy, bright pink, very good. 1/6.

Mrs. G. H. Kerslake.—Deliciously fragrant, dwarf, sturdy habit, large trusses of white flowers. 1/6.

Mrs. McCullough.—Very beautiful, producing immense trusses of flowers of red, salmon colour. 1/6.

President Cleveland.—Brilliant scarlet.

President Garfield.—Double pale pink.

Priory Beauty.—Pale rose, fine, large trusses.

Salmon Queen.—An exceedingly fine Bouvardier, colour salmon with a darker tube; distinct; flowers through the whole season.

CANNAS.

Many Named Kinds. List on application. 1/- each, 11/- dozen.

CAMELLIAS.

Are the most beautiful of all the Winter flowering shrubs we have. The best stie for planting is an eastern aspect, shaded, if possible, from the afternoon sun. Autumn is the best time for planting, but may be put out any time, with a little extra care and attention.

2/6 to 3/6 each. Postage or Freight extra. Many Colours.

CHRYSANTHEMUMS.

Ready from September to December. Write for Special List issued in August.

For staking Chrysanthemums, use 5ft. x 1in. or ½in. stakes.

OUT-DOOR PALMS.

Freight Extra.

What looks grader than a well-grown Palm for the lawn, drive or avenue? They impart a fine tropical effect.

Brahea Robusta (Cotton or Railway Palm), from 2/6 each.

Chamaerops Excelsa; height, 20ft.; from 2/6.

Chamaerops Humilis; height, 20ft.; from 2/6.

Corypha Australis (Cabbage Palm); 100ft. from 2/6.

Cocos Plumesus; height, 40ft.; from 2/6.

Cocos Yatay; from 2/6.

Latania Borbonica; height, 15ft. from 2/6.

Macrozamia (Burrawang); height 6ft.; from 2/6.

Phoenix Dactylifera (Date); height, 12ft.; from 2/6.

Phoenix Reclinata; height, 12ft.; from 2/6.

Phoenix Sylvestris; height, 12ft.; from 2/6.

Rhapis Flabelliformis; height, 8ft.; from 5/-.

Sabal Blackburniana; height, 15ft.; from 2/-.

Seaforthia Elegans (Bangalow); 100ft.; from 2/6.

Shepherd's also supply Indoor Palms from 1/6 to 30/- each.

SHEPHERD'S PELARGONIUMS

Pelargoniums are of easy culture in our climate, either in pots or in the open border. No garden, however small, can fairly dispense with these old favourites.

A CHOICE SELECTION OF NAMED VARIETIES.

SHOW AND REGAL PELARGONIUMS 2/- each, 22/- per dozen

Postage or Freight Extra.

SHEPHERD'S HEDGE PLANTS

A Hedge is more appropriate than a fence, and more attractive for a Border.

Nothing conduces more to the beauty of a homestead than appropriate Hedgerows, well kept. Hedge plants should be planted early in the season, so that they may be well established before Summer. (C) denotes varieties suitable for cold climates; (W) denotes varieties suitable for warm climates.

Bougainvillea Magnifica Trailli.—Best purple ones grown. Plant 4ft. apart. 33/- per dozen; £12 per 100.

Bougainvillea Sanderiana Glabra.—Plant 2ft. apart; makes a pretty hedge and flowers abundantly. 21/- per dozen; 150/- per 100. W.

Camphor Laurel.—For a good big hedge these cannot be beaten; Plant 4 to 6 ft. apart; 16/- per dozen; £6 per 100.

Coprosma Lucida.—Plant 3ft. apart. This is a good hedge plant, and is particularly hardy, especially on the sea coast. 15/- per dozen.

Cupressus Lambertiana Horizontalis.—A very quick grower; plant 3ft. apart. 45/- per dozen. C.W.

Crataegus Crenulata.—Red berry, 15/- per dozen. A very pretty compact growing hedge; looks striking when bearing its berries; evergreen. Plant 2ft. apart. C.W.

Duranta Plumerii.—A neat-growing evergreen hedge plant, bearing clusters of purplish-blue flowers. 10/- to 12/- per doz. W.

Hibiscus Scarlet.—Plant 3ft. apart. Will make a grand ornamental flowering hedge 15/- to 22/- per dozen. W.

Laurel English.—Very hardy, pretty dark green foliage, a fine hedge for cold climates. Plant 3ft. apart. 16/- per dozen. 120/- per 100. C.

Ligustrum Lucidum. (Large leaf Privet).—Plant 12 inches apart. 2/6 per doz.; 17/6 per 100. (Not less than 50 at 100 rates). C.W.

Ligustrum Pubescens. (Small Leaf Privet) 2/6 per dozen.

Ligustrum Elegantissima (New Golden Privet) 15/- per dozen.

Olive, Common (Oleo Europea).—Makes a nice evergreen hedge; plant 12 inches apart. 12/- per dozen. W.

Pittosporum Undulatum.—These make a fine evergreen hedge for a garden, and can be trimmed close into any desired shape. The foliage is handsome, and a fine fresh green colour. Plant 2ft. apart. C.W. 15/- per dozen.

Plumbago Capensis.—Blue and white in separate colours; makes a pretty, flowering hedge; plant 2ft. apart. 15/- per doz. W.

Raphiolepis (Indian Hawthorn).—Nice free white flowering hedge. Plant 3ft. apart. 15/- per dozen. W.

Tecoma capensis.—Bright red, flowering hedge 15/- per dozen. W.

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- 6.—SWEET PEAS AND OTHER WINTER FLOWERS (December).